# Global Challenges and Urgency for Partnership

Sukhwinder Singh Wheat-Lead, Seeds of Discovery (SeeD)-(<u>suk.singh@cgiar.org</u>); International Maize and Wheat Improvement Center (CIMMYT)

> International Agrobiodiversity Congress, New Delhi, November, 2016



## **Global Challenges for the Crop Breeders**

#### **Increasing Demands**

Global population by 2030  $\sim$  8.5 billion; by 2050  $\sim$  9.7 billion and by 2100  $\sim$ 11.2 billion

- India expected to become the largest country in population size, surpassing China around 2022.
- Nigeria could surpass the United States by 2050

-UN DESA, 2015

#### Supply Constraint





Climate Change





Weather Extremes





Heat Stress



New Diseases, Pests Frequent droughts

#### After Effects

- Urbanization
- Deforestation
- Pollution
- · Conversion of wetlands
- Agricultural modernization
- Changes in diets

#### Worst Situation:

Countries with high demand growth, fragile environments and poor economy <u>Agriculture & Agrobiodiversity is crucial for such countries</u>

#### Way Forward

Simultaneously addressing the yield demands, climate resilience, nutrition and <u>continuous broadening of genetic</u> <u>base of crop varieties</u> to handle forthcoming challenge

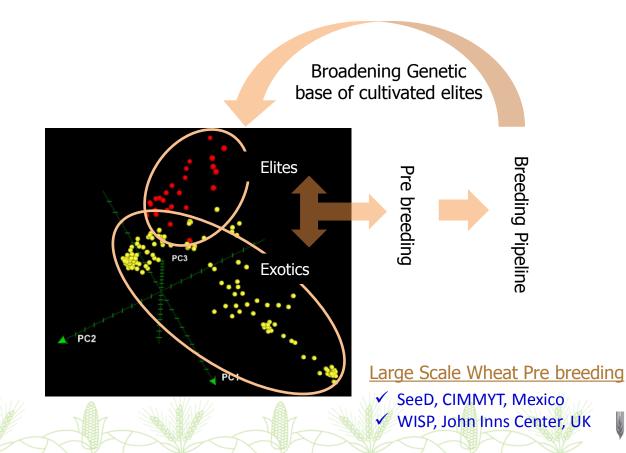
Synergize upstream and downstream research focusing scientific knowledge and delivering product t the same time.

Strengthening breeding pipelines
 Establish Pre breeding platform(s)

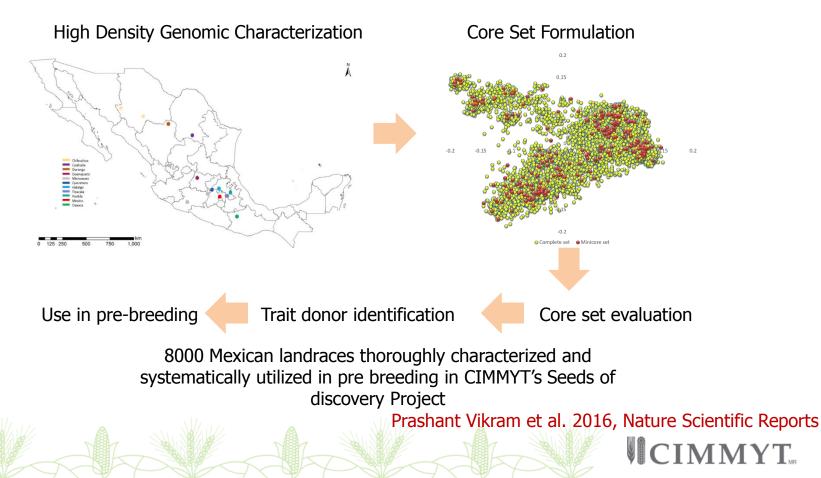


## **The Urgency**

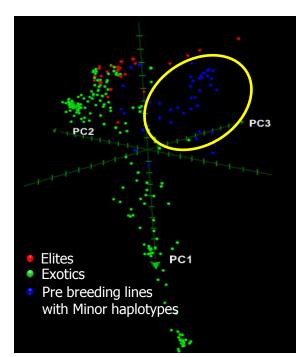
#### Expansion of genetic repertoire of cultivated elites



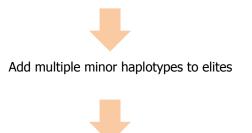
### **The Mexican Wheat Landrace Story**



## Wheat Pre breeding Lines with Minor Haplotypes: Potential in Breeding



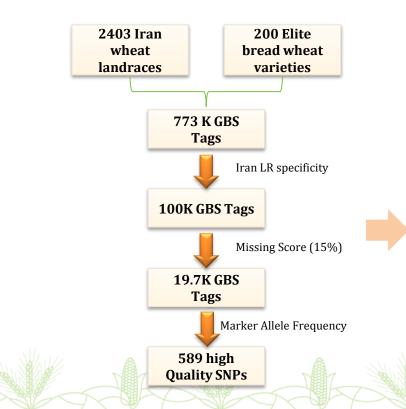
Pre breeding lines with Minor haplotypes are genetically diverse from elites & exotics but agronomically more closer to elites i.e. suitable for increasing the genetic base of elite germplasm pool.



Enhancing resilience

Broadening genetic base

## Synergizing Upstream and Downstream Research for Product Development



Identifying the value of landrace specific alleles that are absent in elites to utilize efficiently in breeding for trait improvement as well as broadening the genetic base.

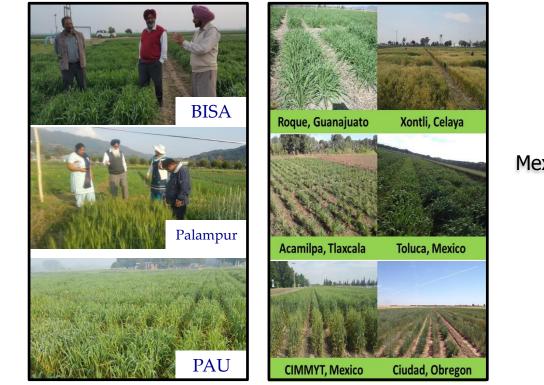
| · · ·        | 1         |     |          |      |
|--------------|-----------|-----|----------|------|
| Trait        | Marker    | Chr | P-value  | PV   |
| Grain Weight | 5345847 F | 1B  | 9.67E-04 | 1.22 |
| Test Weight  | 1143802 F | 1A  | 1.47E-05 | 2.15 |
| Grain Weight | 4909857 F | 1A  | 9.27E-04 | 1.23 |
| Test Weight  | 4909857 F | 1A  | 5.19E-07 | 2.56 |
| Grain Length | 1209531 F | 1B  | 4.89E-06 | 2.39 |
| Test Weight  | 1209531 F | 1B  | 7.20E-05 | 1.94 |

Genome-wide association analysis with high

quality landrace specific SNPs



### First Cycle Wheat Pre breeding Germplasm

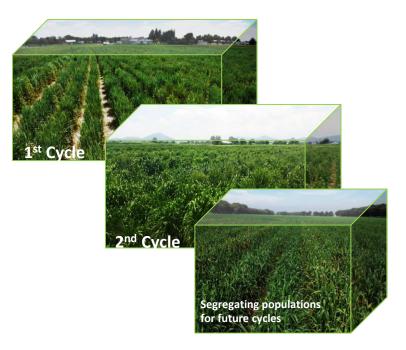


Mexico

- With limited support wheat pre breeding in Mexico and India initiated
- Preliminary results are encouraging

India

## Toward Wheat Pre breeding Product Pipeline





From Mexican govt. funding we initiated pre breeding cycles and developed 15000 advanced pre breeding fixed lines

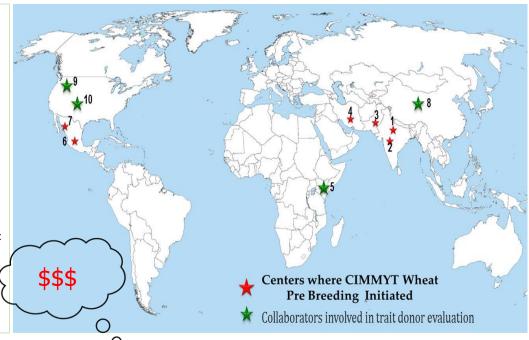
Act in Couth Aci

For impact in South Asia and Africa <u>funding support</u> and <u>partnerships</u> are urgently required



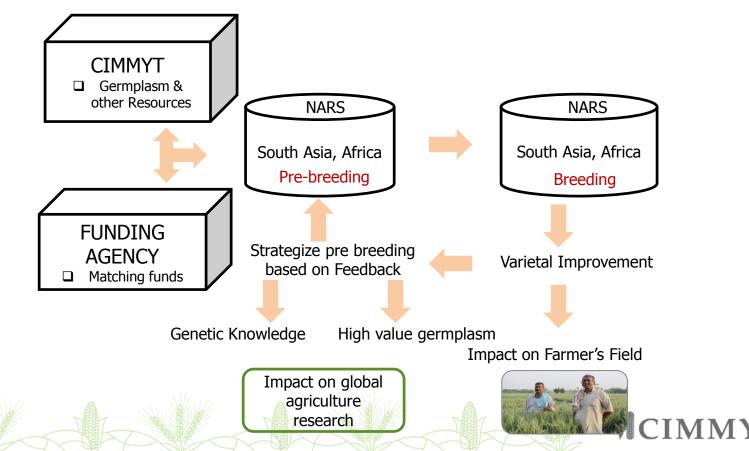
### Why Partnership Scale Up Required in Mission Mode to Deliver Impact

- a) CIMMYT-BISA, Ludhiana
  b) PAU, Ludhiana
  c) CSK HPKV, Palampur
- 2. Nat Inst of Abiotic Stress Management, Pune, India
- 3. Nuclear Inst of Agric, Tandojam, Sindh, Pakistan
- 4. Dryland Agric Res Inst, Maragheh, Iran
- 5. KALRO, Njoro, Kenya
- 6. INIFAP, Celaya, México
- 7. INIFAP, Ciudad, Obregon, Mexico
- 8. Wheat Res Inst, Acad Agric Sci, Ganzou, China
- 9. Washington State Univ
- 10. South Dakota State Univ



Seeking dynamic partnership & funding support

### The Roadmap The way forward in impact delivery



## **SeeD-Wheat Research Progress**

Scaling up required !!!

#### **Germplasm sharing**

- Wheat landrace core sets shared with researchers in USA, India, China, Mexico, Pakistan, Iran and Kenya
- Pre Breeding germplasm: Mexico, India, Pakistan, Iran, China, Kenya

#### **Data sharing**

- Data sharing agreements signed with different institutions in USA, Australia, India and Mexico
- High density genomics data being made publicly available

#### **Capacity Building**

 Eric Lopez, Cynthia Ortiz, Lulú Ledesma Ramírez, Yuria medina Uriarte, María del Pilar Suaste Franco

#### **Publications**

- 1. Huihui Li et al. A high density GBS map of bread wheat and its application for dissecting complex disease resistance traits. BMC Genomics-2015 16:216.
- 2. Prashant Vikram et al. Unlocking the genetic diversity of creole wheats. Nature Scientific Report-2016 6:23092
- 3. Deepmala Sehgal et al. Exploring and mobilizing the gene bank biodiversity for wheat improvement. PLoS One- 2015 10(7): e0132112.
- 4. Marta Lopes et al. Exploiting genetic diversity from landraces in wheat breeding for adaptation to climate change. Journal of experimental botany-2015 66(12): 3477-86.
- 5. Jose Crossa et al. Genomic prediction of GeneBank Wheat Landraces. Genes Genetics Genomics (G3)-2016 6(7):1819-34
- 6. Saint Pierre et al. Genomic prediction model for grain yield in wheat under diverse climatic regimes. Nature Scientific Report-2016 6:27312.

Four Years Research outcomes

### We acknowledge all researchers at CIMMYT or elsewhere who have contributed directly or indirectly to CIMMYT Wheat Pre breeding project



